INTRODUCTION

When a family wishes to receive Section 8 HCV assistance, the family must submit an application that provides the OHA with the information needed to determine the family’s eligibility. HUD requires the OHA to place all families that apply for assistance on a waiting list. When HCV assistance becomes available, the OHA must select families from the waiting list in accordance with HUD requirements and PHA policies as stated in the administrative plan and the annual plan.

The OHA is required to adopt a clear policies and procedures accepting applications, placing families on the waiting list, and selecting families from the waiting list and must follow these policies and procedures consistently. The actual order in which families are selected from the waiting list can be affected if a family has certain characteristics designated by HUD or the OHA that justify their selection. Examples of this are the selection of families for income targeting and the selection of families that qualify for targeting funding.

HUD regulations require that all families have an equal opportunity to apply for and receive housing assistance, and that the OHA affirmatively further fair housing goals in the administration of the program [24 CFR 982.53, HCV GB p. 4-1]. Adherence to the selection policies described in this chapter ensures that the OHA will be in compliance with all relevant fair housing requirements, as described in Chapter 2.

This chapter describes HUD and OHA policies for taking applications, managing the waiting list and selecting families for HCV assistance. The policies outlined in this chapter are organized into three sections, as follows:

Part I: The Application Process. This part provides an overview of the application process, and discusses how applicants can obtain and submit applications. It also specifies how the PHA will handle the applications it receives.

Part II: Managing the Waiting List. This part presents the policies that govern how the PHA’s waiting list is structured, when it is opened and closed, and how the public is notified of the opportunity to apply for assistance. It also discusses the process the OHA will use to keep the waiting list current.

Part III: Selection for HCV Assistance. This part describes the policies that guide the PHA in selecting families for HCV assistance as such assistance becomes available. It also specifies how in-person interviews will be used to ensure that the OHA has the information needed to make a final eligibility determination.
PART I: THE APPLICATION PROCESS

4-I.A. OVERVIEW

This part describes the OHA policies for making applications available, accepting applications making preliminary determinations of eligibility, and the placement of applicants on the waiting list. This part also describes the OHA’s obligation to ensure the accessibility of the application process to elderly persons, people with disabilities, and people with limited English proficiency (LEP).

4-I.B. APPLYING FOR ASSISTANCE [HCV GB, pp. 4-11 – 4-16, Notice PIH 2009-36]

Any family that wishes to receive HCV assistance must apply for admission to the program. HUD permits the OHA to determine the format and content of HCV applications, as well how such applications will be made available to interested families and how applications will be accepted by the OHA. However, the PHA must include Form HUD 92006, Supplement to Application for Federally Assisted Housing, as part of the PHA’s application.

OHA Policy

The waiting list will be maintained in accordance with the following guidelines:

1. The application will be a permanent file.

2. All applicants in the pool will be maintained in order by preference and then by date and time. For short term wait list openings, OHA may instead use random selection to select applications and to assign wait list positions.

3. All applicants must meet "Very Low Income" eligibility requirements as established by HUD. Any exceptions to these requirements, other than those outlined in Chapter 2, "Eligibility for Admission," must have been approved previously by the HUD Field Office.

Applicants must complete an application at OHA’s office during normal business hours. Home visits will be completed by Intake Staff for those individuals who are unable to attend their appointment due to a disability or elderly.
4-I.C. ACCESSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATION PROCESS

Elderly and Disabled Populations [24 CFR 8 and HCV GB, pp. 4-11 – 4-13]

The OHA must take a variety of steps to ensure that the application process is accessible to those people who might have difficulty complying with the normal, standard OHA application process. This could include people with disabilities, certain elderly individuals, as well as persons with limited English proficiency (LEP). The OHA must provide reasonable accommodation to the needs of individuals with disabilities. The application-taking facility and the application process must be fully accessible, or the OHA must provide an alternate approach that provides full access to the application process. Chapter 2 provides a full discussion of the OHA’s policies related to providing reasonable accommodations for people with disabilities.

Limited English Proficiency

OHA is required to take reasonable steps to ensure equal access to their programs and activities by persons with limited English proficiency [24 CFR 1]. Chapter 2 provides a full discussion on the OHA’s policies related to ensuring access to people with limited English proficiency (LEP).
4-I.D. PLACEMENT ON THE WAITING LIST

The PHA must review each complete application and make an assessment of the family’s eligibility. The OHA must accept applications from families for whom the list is open unless there is good cause for not accepting the application (such as denial of assistance) for the grounds stated in the regulations [24 CFR 982.206(b)(2)]. Where the family is determined to be ineligible, the OHA must notify the family in writing [24 CFR 982.201(f)]. Where the family is not determined to be ineligible, the family will be placed on a waiting list of applicants.

No applicant has a right or entitlement to be listed on the waiting list, or to any particular position on the waiting list [24 CFR 982.202(c)].

Ineligible for Placement on the Waiting List

OHA Policy

If the OHA can determine from the information provided that a family is ineligible, the family will not be placed on the waiting list. Where a family is determined to be ineligible, the OHA will send written notification of the ineligibility determination within 10 business days of a complete application. The notice will specify the reasons for ineligibility, and will inform the family of its right to request an informal review and explain the process for doing so (see Chapter 16).

Eligible for Placement on the Waiting List

OHA Policy

Applicants will be placed on the waiting list according to the preferences for which the family is qualified and then by the date and time of their complete application. For short term wait list openings, OHA may instead use random selection to select applications and to assign wait list position.
PART II: MANAGING THE WAITING LIST

4-II.A. OVERVIEW

The OHA must have policies regarding various aspects of organizing and managing the waiting list of applicant families. This includes opening the list to new applicants, closing the list to new applicants, notifying the public of waiting list openings and closings, updating waiting list information, purging the list of families that are no longer interested in or eligible for assistance, as well as conducting outreach to ensure a sufficient number of applicants.

In addition, HUD imposes requirements on how a PHA may structure its waiting list and how families must be treated if they apply for assistance from a PHA that administers more than one assisted housing program.

4-II.B. ORGANIZATION OF THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.204 and 205]

The OHA’s HCV waiting list must be organized in such a manner to allow the OHA to accurately identify and select families for assistance in the proper order, according to the admissions policies described in this plan.

The waiting list must contain the following information for each applicant listed:

- Applicant name;
- Family unit size;
- Date and time of application;
- Annual (gross) family income
- Racial or ethnic designation of the head of household.
- Number of persons in family

HUD requires the OHA to maintain a single waiting list for the HCV program unless it serves more than one county or municipality. Such PHAs are permitted, but not required, to maintain a separate waiting list for each county or municipality served.

**OHA Policy**

The OHA will maintain a single waiting list for the HCV program.

HUD directs that a family that applies for assistance from the HCV program must be offered the opportunity to be placed on the waiting list for any public housing, project-based voucher or moderate rehabilitation program the OHA operates if 1) the other programs’ waiting lists are open, and 2) the family is qualified for the other programs.

HUD permits, but does not require, that OHA’s maintain a single merged waiting list for their public housing, Section 8, and other subsidized housing programs.

A family’s decision to apply for, receive, or refuse other housing assistance must not affect the family’s placement on the HCV waiting list.

**OHA Policy**

The OHA will not merge the HCV waiting list with the waiting list for any other program the OHA operates.
4-II.C. OPENING AND CLOSING THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.206]

Closing the Waiting List

A OHA is permitted to close the waiting list if it has an adequate pool of families to use its available HCV assistance. Alternatively, the OHA may elect to continue to accept applications only from certain categories of families that meet particular funding criteria.

**OHA Policy**

The OHA will close the waiting list when the estimated waiting period for housing assistance for applicants on the list reaches the number advertised.

Reopening the Waiting List

If the waiting list has been closed, it cannot be reopened until the OHA publishes a notice in local newspapers of general circulation, minority media, and other suitable media outlets. The notice must comply with HUD fair housing requirements and must specify who may apply, and where and when applications will be received.

**OHA Policy**

The OHA will announce the reopening of the waiting list at least 7 business days prior to the date applications will first be accepted. If the list is only being reopened for certain categories of families, this information will be contained in the notice.

The OHA will give public notice by publishing the relevant information in suitable media outlets including, but not limited to:

*Omaha World Herald*

*Omaha Star*

*El Pericho*
4-II.D. FAMILY OUTREACH [HCV GB, pp. 4-2 to 4-4]

The OHA must conduct outreach as necessary to ensure that the OHA has a sufficient number of applicants on the waiting list to use the HCV resources it has been allotted.

Because HUD requires the OHA to serve a specified percentage of extremely low income families (see Chapter 4, Part III), the OHA may need to conduct special outreach to ensure that an adequate number of such families apply for assistance [HCV GB, p. 4-20 to 4-21].

OHA outreach efforts must comply with fair housing requirements. This includes:

- Analyzing the housing market area and the populations currently being served to identify underserved populations
- Ensuring that outreach efforts are targeted to media outlets that reach eligible populations that are underrepresented in the program
- Avoiding outreach efforts that prefer or exclude people who are members of a protected class

OHA outreach efforts must be designed to inform qualified families about the availability of assistance under the program. These efforts may include, as needed, any of the following activities:

- Submitting press releases to local newspapers, including minority newspapers
- Developing informational materials and flyers to distribute to other agencies
- Providing application forms to other public and private agencies that serve the low income population
- Developing partnerships with other organizations that serve similar populations, including agencies that provide services for persons with disabilities

**OHA Policy**

The OHA will monitor the characteristics of the population being served and the characteristics of the population as a whole in the OHA’s jurisdiction. Targeted outreach efforts will be undertaken if a comparison suggests that certain populations are being underserved.
4-II.E. REPORTING CHANGES IN FAMILY CIRCUMSTANCES

**OHA Policy**

While the family is on the waiting list, the family must immediately inform the OHA of changes in contact information, including current residence, mailing address, and phone number. The changes must be submitted in writing.

4-II.F. UPDATING THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.204]

HUD requires the PHA to establish policies to use when removing applicant names from the waiting list.

**Purging the Waiting List**

The decision to withdraw an applicant family that includes a person with disabilities from the waiting list is subject to reasonable accommodation. If the applicant did not respond to a OHA request for information or updates, and the OHA determines that the family did not respond because of the family member’s disability, the OHA must reinstate the applicant family to their former position on the waiting list [24 CFR 982.204(c)(2)].

**OHA Policy**

The waiting list will be updated as needed to ensure that all applicant information is current and timely.
Removal from the Waiting List

OHA Policy

If at any time an applicant family is on the waiting list, the OHA determines that the family is not eligible for assistance (see Chapter 3), the family will be removed from the waiting list.

If a family is removed from the waiting list because the OHA has determined the family is not eligible for assistance, a notice will be sent to the family’s address of record as well as to any alternate address provided on the initial application. The notice will state the reasons the family was removed from the waiting and will inform the family how to request an informal review regarding the OHA’s decision (see Chapter 16) [24 CFR 982.201(f)].
PART III: SELECTION FOR HCV ASSISTANCE

4-III.A. OVERVIEW

As vouchers become available, families on the waiting list must be selected for assistance in accordance with the policies described in this part.

The order in which families receive assistance from the waiting list depends on the selection method chosen by the OHA. The source of HCV funding also may affect the order in which families are selected from the waiting list.

The OHA must maintain a clear record of all information required to verify that the family is selected from the waiting list according to OHA’s selection policies [24 CFR 982.204(b) and 982.207(e)].

4-III.B. SELECTION AND HCV FUNDING SOURCES

Special Admissions [24 CFR 982.203]

HUD may award funding for specifically-named families living in specified types of units (e.g., a family that is displaced by demolition of public housing; a non-purchasing family residing in a HOPE 1 or 2 projects). In these cases, the OHA may admit families that are not on the waiting list, or without considering the family’s position on the waiting list. The OHA must maintain records showing that such families were admitted with special program funding.

The OHA administers Tenant Protection Vouchers and Enhanced Vouchers. These vouchers are provided by HUD specifically for families residing in a HUD-assisted subsidized housing project who may be displaced by housing conversion actions (for example, if an owner of a HUD-subsidized housing project opts out of its contract). Tenant Protection Vouchers and Enhanced Vouchers are tenant-based assistance. In general, the OHA’s tenant-based HCV policies apply to special admission vouchers made available for families as the result of housing conversion actions. Enhanced vouchers have unique requirements, including increased payment standards. Families may not apply directly to the OHA to receive this assistance, and OHA does not maintain waiting lists for this assistance. This assistance is provided only to specific families identified by HUD.

Targeted Funding [24 CFR 982.204(e)]

HUD may award funding for a specified category of families on the waiting list. This is referred to as “targeted funding” because the voucher is targeted to a specific population and has specific selection criteria. The OHA must use this funding only to assist the families within the specified category. When a voucher becomes available that is funded by a specific targeted funding program, the OHA may skip families that do not qualify for the program. Within this category of families, the order in which such families are assisted is determined according to the policies provided in Section 4-III.C.

The following are targeted funding programs, each of which has specific selection criteria and program requirements.
**Mainstream Voucher Program**

The Mainstream Voucher Program provides housing assistance targeted to nonelderly persons with disabilities.

For purposes of eligibility for Mainstream voucher assistance, HUD uses the definition of “person with disabilities” at 24 CFR 5.403, which is the same definition of “person with disabilities” used for eligibility and deductions, and which is provided in Exhibit 3-1 at the end of Chapter 3.

- The OHA has an existing stock of Mainstream vouchers. Eligibility for these vouchers is limited to “disabled families” in which the head of household, spouse, or co-head is a nonelderly person with disabilities, as defined in Section 3-I.I.

- The OHA may pursue application for additional Mainstream vouchers. Under new HUD program rules, eligibility for these vouchers is expanded to include any family that includes a nonelderly person with disabilities. The nonelderly person with disabilities does not have to be the head of household, spouse, or co-head.

Persons may submit applications at any time the OHA’s HCV waiting list is open and accepting new applications. All applicants will be placed on the OHA’s HCV tenant-based waiting list in accord with the OHA’s routine procedures, including local preferences. When a Mainstream voucher becomes available, The OHA will select the next applicant on its waiting list that meets the eligibility criteria for Mainstream voucher assistance.

**Family Unification Program, including youths aging out of foster care**

HUD’s Family Unification Program (FUP) program is targeted to assist two populations:

- Families for whom the lack of adequate housing is a primary factor in (1) the imminent placement of the family’s child/children in out-of-home care, or (2) delay of discharge of the child/children to the family from out-of-home care;

- Youth age 18 to 24 who left foster care or will leave foster care within the near future and are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless. In accord with HUD rules, FUP voucher assistance for youths aging out of foster care is limited to 36 months.

At present, the OHA does not receive HUD FUP funding. The OHA may pursue application for FUP voucher funding. FUP program requirements include the following:

Persons may receive FUP assistance only by referral from the DHHS public child welfare agency. Following referral, persons will be placed on the HCV tenant-based waiting list in accord with routine procedures, including local preferences. When a FUP voucher becomes available, it will be offered to the next applicant on its waiting list that meets the eligibility criteria for FUP voucher assistance.

**Veteran Assisted Supportive Housing (VASH)**

This program for homeless veterans combines HUD voucher assistance with case management and clinical services provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs. Eligibility is limited to homeless veterans and their families. Persons may receive VASH assistance only by referral from VA case managers. Persons may not apply for VASH
assistance directly through the OHA. When a VASH voucher becomes available, the OHA will coordinate with VA case managers for referral to receive assistance.

The OHA will administer VASH assistance in accord with HUD VASH rules and regulations, which significantly differ from other HCV program rules. Per HUD rules, the OHA’s local preferences do not apply to VASH assistance. In addition, many of the OHA’s policies for screening, criminal background checks, and denial of assistance are waived under HUD VASH rules.

**HOME Tenant-Based Rental Assistance**

The HOME Tenant-Based Rental Assistance provides up to 24 months in rental assistance to households that have completed a transitional housing program for the homeless or supportive services program. Persons may receive HOME assistance only by referral from approved transitional housing and supportive housing programs. Persons may not apply for HOME rental assistance directly through the OHA. The OHA administers its HOME rental assistance program in accord with program rules, which may differ from the OHA’s HCV policies.

**HUD Continuum of Care Rental Assistance Program**

The Continuum of Care Rental Assistance Program combines tenant-based rental assistance with case management and supportive services to provide permanent supportive housing for chronically homeless persons with disabilities. Persons may receive Continuum of Care rental assistance only by referral from Community Alliance. Persons may not apply for Continuum of Care rental assistance directly through the OHA. The OHA administers its Continuum of Care Rental Assistance Program in accord with program rules, which may differ from the OHA’s HCV policies.

**HUD Moderate Rehabilitation Program**

The OHA administers project-based voucher assistance for designated properties previously rehabilitated under HUD’s moderate rehabilitation program. Applicants may apply at the OHA for mod rehab assisted housing units. The OHA administers its mod rehab assistance in accord with HUD program rules, which may differ from the OHA’s HCV policies.

**Regular HCV Funding**

Regular HCV funding may be used to assist any eligible family on the waiting list. Families are selected from the waiting list according to the policies provided in Section 4-III.C.
4-III.C. SELECTION METHOD

This section describes the method for selecting applicant families from the waiting list, including the system of admission preferences that the PHA will use [24 CFR 982.202(d)].

Local Preferences [24 CFR 982.207; HCV p. 4-16]

Federal regulations permit a housing authority to establish a system of preferences for the selection of families admitted to the program. The system must be based on local housing needs and priorities as determined by the agency.

OHA may change these preferences to respond to changes in local housing needs or emergency housing situations.

OHA will verify all preference claims at the time they are made. Staff will re-verify a preference claim if they believe the family’s circumstances have changed at the time of selection from the waiting list. OHA will only offer vouchers to applicant families that still meet the preference eligibility criteria at time of selection from the waitlist.

OHA’s preferences are summarized below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preference</th>
<th>Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Families displaced due to disaster (fire, flood, storm, or other natural disaster) that is not due to the fault or negligence of the family</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Families displaced due to domestic violence</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth aged 18-24 aging out of foster care (with verification from the state DHHS or a designated foster care agency)</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeless families with children under the age of 18 and who are receiving supportive services (with verification from a MACCH agency)</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other homeless families with children under the age of 18 (with verification from a MACCH agency)</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeless individuals and families not accompanied by children under the age of 18 and who are receiving supportive services (with verification from a MACCH agency)</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other homeless individuals and families (with verification from a MACCH agency)</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veterans wounded in the line of duty</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Families of veterans killed in the line of duty. Eligibility for this preference is available to families that include a spouse or child of a deceased veteran.</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other families that include a veteran (but excluding a veteran who was dishonorably discharged)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elderly families (head of household, spouse, or sole family member is 62 years of age or older)</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disabled families (head of household, spouse, or sole family member is a person with disabilities)</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
An applicant may qualify for more than one preference. An applicant will be assigned the total sum of points for all preferences for which the applicant is qualified.

In addition, OHA may establish temporary preferences in accord with HUD and local priorities:

a. In the event of a local, regional, or national disaster, OHA staff with the approval of the OHA Board of Commissioners may determine criteria by which households who are victims of a disaster may qualify for a temporary preference.

b. A preference will be provided for persons or households that reside in buildings that are owned or operated by OHA or a legal affiliate, as defined in state law, and which building have been approved for demolition or disposition by the Board of Commissioners and/or the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**Special Admission Programs [24 CFR 982.203]**

HUD may award funding for families residing in specific units (for example, families that are displaced by demolition of public housing units). This is referred to as “special admissions.” Special admission families will be admitted through a special process. They do not have to qualify for any local preferences, nor are they required to previously be on the OHA’s waiting list. OHA maintains separate records of these admissions. OHA will use such funding in accordance with the conditions imposed when funds are awarded and accepted.

**Income Targeting Requirement [24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)]**

HUD requires that extremely low-income (ELI) families make up at least 75% of the families admitted to the HCV program during the PHA’s fiscal year. ELI families are those with annual incomes at or below 30% of the area median income. To ensure this requirement is met, a PHA may skip non-ELI families on the waiting list in order to select an ELI family.

Low income families admitted to the program that are “continuously assisted” under the 1937 Housing Act [24 CFR 982.4(b)], as well as low-income or moderate-income families admitted to the program that are displaced as a result of the prepayment of the mortgage or voluntary termination of an insurance contract on eligible low-income housing, are not counted for income targeting purposes [24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)(v)].

The OHA will monitor progress in meeting the ELI requirement throughout the fiscal year. Extremely low-income families will be selected ahead of other eligible families on an as-needed basis to ensure the income targeting requirement is met.

**Order of Selection [24 CFR 982.207(c)]**

Applicants will be placed on the waiting list according to their preference status. Among applicants with equal preference status, the waiting list will be organized by date and time.

For short-term wait list openings, OHA may organize its waiting list either on a first-come, first-served basis, according to the date and time their complete application is received by the OHA, or alternately, OHA may use a random selection process. OHA’s method for organizing the waiting list will be announced in the public notice of the waiting list opening.

When the voucher available is funded through a targeted funding program, OHA is required to use targeted funding to assist only those families who meet the specified criteria, and OHA will skip down the waiting list in order to reach the first applicant that meets the targeted funding program criteria.
OHA is not permitted to skip down the waiting list to a family that it can afford to subsidize when there are not sufficient funds to subsidize the family at the top of the waiting list [24 CFR 982.204(d) and (e)].

4-III.D. NOTIFICATION OF SELECTION

When a family has been selected from the waiting list, the OHA must notify the family.

[24 CFR 982.554(a)]

OHA Policy

The OHA will notify the family by first class mail when it is selected from the waiting list. The notice will inform the family of the following:

- Date, time, and location of the scheduled application interview
- Who is required to attend interview
- All documents that must be provided at the interview, including information about what constitutes acceptable documentation.

If a notification letter is returned to the PHA with no forwarding address, the family will be removed from the waiting list. A notice of denial (see Chapter 3) will be sent to the family’s address of record, as well as to any known alternate address.
4-III.E. THE APPLICATION INTERVIEW

HUD recommends that the PHA obtain the information and documentation needed to make an eligibility determination through a private interview [HCV GB, pg. 4-16]. Being invited to attend an interview does not constitute admission to the program.

Assistance cannot be provided to the family until all SSN documentation requirements are met. However, if the PHA determines that an applicant family is otherwise eligible to participate in the program, the family may retain its place on the waiting list for a period of time determined by the PHA. (Notice PIH 2012-10).

Reasonable accommodation will be made for persons with disabilities who are unable to attend an interview due to their disability.

**OHA Policy**

Any applicant that arrives more than 10 minutes late after their scheduled appointment time will not be seen.

Families selected from the waiting list are required to participate in an eligibility interview.

All adult family members are required to attend the interview.

The interview will be conducted only if the head of household or spouse/cohead provides appropriate documentation of legal identity. (Chapter 7 provides a discussion of proper documentation of legal identity). If the family representative does not provide the required documentation, the appointment may be rescheduled when the proper documents have been obtained.

The family must provide the information necessary to establish the family’s eligibility and determine the appropriate level of assistance, as well as completing required forms, providing required signatures, and submitting required documentation. If any materials are missing, the OHA will provide the family with a written list of items that must be submitted.

Any required documents or information that the family is unable to provide at the interview must be provided within 10 business days of the interview (Chapter 7 provides details about longer submission deadlines for particular items, including documentation of Social Security numbers and eligible noncitizen status). If the family is unable to obtain the information or materials within the required time frame, the family may request an extension. If the required documents and information are not provided within the required time frame (plus any extensions), the family will be sent a notice of denial (See Chapter 3).
An advocate, interpreter, or other assistant may assist the family with the application and the interview process.

Interviews will be conducted in English. For limited English proficient (LEP) applicants, the OHA will provide translation services in accordance with the PHA’s LEP plan.

If the family is unable to attend a scheduled interview, (hospitalization and/or funeral), the family should contact the PHA in advance of the interview to schedule a new appointment. If a family does not attend a scheduled interview, their name will not be added to the waiting list.

4-III.F. COMPLETING THE APPLICATION PROCESS

The PHA must verify all information provided by the family (see Chapter 7). Based on verified information, the PHA must make a final determination of eligibility (see Chapter 3) and must confirm that the family qualified for any special admission, targeted admission, or selection preference that affected the order in which the family was selected from the waiting list.

OHA Policy

If the OHA determines that the family is ineligible, the OHA will send written notification of the ineligibility determination within 10 business days of the determination. The notice will specify the reasons for ineligibility, and will inform the family of its right to request an informal review (Chapter 16).

If a family fails to qualify for any criteria that affected the order in which it was selected from the waiting list (e.g. targeted funding, extremely low-income), the family will be returned to its original position on the waiting list. The PHA will notify the family in writing that it has been returned to the waiting list, and will specify the reasons for it.

If the OHA determines that the family is eligible to receive assistance, the OHA will invite the family to attend a briefing in accordance with the policies in Chapter 5.